EY THE COURT: Let the record reflect that the Court has adjourned to chambers; present are the two defendants, Mrs. Owens and Mr. Porterfield, and their respective attorneys; Mr. Stein and Mr. Marty for Mrs. Owens; and Mr. Bailey and Mr. Jones for Mr. Porterfield; and the Attorney Generals, Mr. Challen and Don Strother.

Mr. Marty.

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BY MR. MARTY: Your Honor, on behalf of Mrs. Owens, Mr. Stein and I have filed a motion this morning, which required an in-chambers conference on Friday, January Jrd of this year, 1985. The State of Tennessee's duly appointed official, Mr. Strother, offered Mr. Porterfield and Mrs. Owens the chance for a guilty plea as to either one of the counts of the indictment; Life Imprisonment.

We took this offer to our client, Mrs. Owens, and a lengthly discussion; not only Friday, but lengthly discussions prior to that day; concerning the evidence. in this case; the evidence that the State will produce; the evidence we can produce; the tape recordings of the confession; the whole gambit of the case; and based on what we explained to Mrs. Owens, and based on her appearance in Court and what she knows of this case as of Friday afternoon, it was her desire to accept the State's offer of Life Imprisonment; Assessory Before the Fact to Murder.

We talked with Miss Owens; showed Miss Owens the offer; which she signed at the bottom and dated; and we

immediately took this to Mr. Strother. Some time later that evening I received a call from Mr. Jones indicating Mr. Porterfield declined the Life offer. This morning, January 6, 1986, Mr. Stein and I appeared and explained to Miss Owens, again, the situation surrounding Mr. Porterfield's rejection of the Life Imprisonment offer, and then we had another discussion with Mr. Strother. Mr. Strother with Mr. Stein and myself went to see General Stanton for the sole purpose of seeing if Miss Owens could, in fact, plead guilty, take the Life offer, and be severed from the co-defendant, Porterfield. The General basically said the same thing as Mr. Strother; that the State would not sever Miss Owens.

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Due to the fact this case carries the ultimate death by electricution, we feel and urge the Court that we be allowed...on Miss Owens behalf...and on her behalf she is going to ask the Court in a minute on the record to be allowed to plead guilty to Accessory Before the Fact and accept a Life sentence.

We have talked to Mr. Strother in great depth, and Mr. Strother has talked to the family of Miss Owens; and it is my understanding they want this matter to be done with and over with; and we can certainly understand and appreciate that. Miss Owens wants this matter done with and over with. We simply urge the Court, on behalf

of Miss Owens, that if she is forced to go to trial that she possibly; and she understands this; may receive a sentence of Death, and she is urging the Court, through Mr. Stein and myself, to ask the Court to accept her plea of guilty as charged in the indictment, and to sever her from the defendant, Porterfield.

I state this for the record. This will, in no way, prejudice the State's case one bit; as a matter of fact, it may help. They can call Miss Owens as a witness, which I would imagine they would do. Miss Owens, on the other hand, can be greatly prejudiced by failure to accept her guilty plea in that she could receive...very conscionably receive the Death Penalty in this case. We ask the Court; and urge the Court; and I'm going to ask Miss Owens to make remarks for the record in a moment; to allow her to plead guilty and take the recommendation; the Life sentence. Obviously, as counsel for Miss Owens, we have no

control over Mr. Porterfield or his counsel. We simply state to the Court this is a high-publicity case. It's a very...a case of wide-spread criticism throughout the community and has been since it developed. We feel that in Miss Owen's best interest, and in the Court's best interest, and the citizens of the State of Tennessee's best interest, and the family of the deceased's best interest, that Miss Owens be allowed to plead guilty and

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take Life Imprisonment.

I would point out that Miss Owens has two small sons. Their ideas and opinions were taken into account by Mr. Strother in making this offer. They were talked to, the father wass talked to not the family was talked to, and we simply state we don't want to put those children through additional aggravation, remorse, or pain; and we think it is in everyone's best interest that Miss Owens be allowed to plead guilty and accept the Life offer.

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BY THE COURT: State.

BY MR. STROTHER: Your Honor, as indicated by Mr. Marty, I did make Mr. Marty an offer. I made the offer in writing to Mr. Marty..."This is to verify conversations of yesterday afternoon in which I notified you, after conferring with General Stanton and the family of the deceased,"...which is the family of the deceased...I talked to the father of the victim. I did not communicate with the wife, who is also the defendant, nor the children concerning whether or not they wanted this plea accepted. I conferred with the family of the deceased...the family of Ronald Owens.

A similar offer was made to Mr. Porterfield, and the offer was contingent upon each defendant's acceptance, because the case is not severable; and it is that contingency situation we find ourselves in, and we do not feel that the case is one in which a severance is granted. 6 6

And we do feel it would be harmful to proceed against 1 Mr. Porterfield alone, and for that reason not all the 2 conditions of the guilty plea have been met, and it is not 3 a binding agreement between the parties. . 4 BY THE COURT Well, does counsel for Mr. Porter-U. H. Y & DOGTLAN 6-1 5 field have anything to say? 6 BY MR. JONES: NO. 7 BY THE COURT: Mr. Bailey. 8 BY MR. BAILEY: NO. 9 BY MR. JONES: We would state we have no objections 10 to a severance, and we have requested a severance and 31 tiled a motion ... 12 BY THE COURT: Well, this situation here almost 13 places the Court in an untenable position, because as 14 I understand the law, a guilty plea is arrived at between 15 the parties; that is the defendant and the State repre-15 sentative...representative of the State...and the conditions 17 of that guilty plea are binding upon the Court if the Court 18 accepts it. What we are at the point of now is that 19 you are getting the Court involved in plea bargaining, and 20 I have absolutely no authority...no authority or juris-21 diction to engage in plea bargaining. It appears to me 22 what is happening here is that you want the Court to say 23 that, "Yes, I'll accept a Life sentence on behalf of Miss 24 Owens, and I'll require the State to sever." Well, that 25

wasn't the plea bargain agreement...that's not the agreement. The agreement is a condition based on acceptance of Mr. Porterfield of the same or similar conditions. The Court finds itself in a position of...this motion would put this Court in the position of engaging itself in the terms of a plea bargain agreement, and I don't think the Court has any jurisdiction or authority to become involved.

BY MR. MARTY: Your Honor, we would cite the case of <u>Arrington</u>. State of Tennessee 319, wherein the Court...<u>Arrington</u>...wherein the Court of Appeals indicated in absence of any showing that the defendant had been prejudiced by the Court overruling his motion is without merit. We point out to the Court that in the <u>Arrington</u> case...the <u>Arrington</u> case was not a Capital case...this is a Capital case...

BY THE COURT: I understand that, Mr. Marty.

BY MR. MARTY: And we feel that...I think we are duty bound, ethically and professionally...we are duty bound, on behalf of Miss Owens, where the ultimate punishment in this case is death by electricution, that we must urge the Court to consider that as a prejudice against the defendant, Owens, and ask the Court to consider allowing her to plead guilty and sever her from the defendant, Porterfield.

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1 I might make this comment to the Court: It may require that at the time of the defendant's proof that 2 Miss Owens get on the witness stand and pleads guilty 3 in front of the jury. That will absolutely, in my opinion 4 prejudice the jury against Mr. Porterfield. 5 We are simply trying to avoid those problems. We think it is 6 in the best interest of Miss Owens, the State, and every-7 one I have previously said, to allow us to do what the 8 State has recommended. 9

BY THE COURT: The State hasn't recommended it. 10 BY MR. MARTY: I realize they are asking this 11 be contingent upon Mr. Porterfield's accepting it. We 12 don't think Your Honor, in a Capital Case,...I'm not 13 talking about armed robbery or shoplifting or some other 14 offense. We don't think that's a viable reason to with-15 hold an offer of settlement to one defendant simply because 16 another doesn't understand...may not understand...doesn't 17 have whatever facilities to understand or accept it. 18 I'm just stating to the Court this will not prejudice 19 the State's case. They can proceed right along without 20 any hitch. 21

BY MR. STEIN: Before Your Honor rules, I would quote from the <u>Arrington</u> case found on page 322...listen to the language, I think Your Honor can consider it. I think it's a lot broader than Your Honor's first impression

about the plea bargaining situation; "Appellant Arrington's 1 motion to sever based on his desire to accept the State's offer and plead guilty, absent any evidence showing that he was prejudiced by the Court overruling his motion, is without merit."

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So, I think Your Honor can go a step further. 6 In fact, Your Honor has correctly stated the law, because 7 there is a case I showed Mr. Strother...the case of 8 Seaton vs. State, 472 S.W.2d, 905. It certainly would 9 support they don't have to sever under this, but it was 10 a 1981 case, and Arrington comes along with identical 11 facts concerning a plea of guilty, but doesn't have the 12 absolute rule as stated in Seaton merely because of the 13 plea bargain situation, as Your Honor stated in response 14 to Mr. Marty's motion. But Arrington comes along and says, 15 "absent any evidence showing that he was prejudiced by 16 the Court overruling his motion, is without merit." 17 When Arrington comes along in 1977, it gives the Court 18 criteria which is the prejudice situation, and I submit 19 this, respectfully, that under the Arrington case. Your 20 Honor certainly can go a step further and determine from 21 what's before Your Honor whether or not there will be any 22 prejudice if Your Honor denies Miss Owens' motion for 23 severance. How do you determine prejudice? In the 24 later cases they don't discuss what is meant by prejudice. 25

The latest authority is Arrington, which is in 1977, 1 2 March 28, 1977, which gives Your Honor another criteria 3 about prejudice. So, what Arrington has done...it has not 4 given Your Honor any specific guidelines as to what is meant by prejudice. It boils down to using one's own 5 common sense. If Your Honor accepts this prejudice 6 7 criteria as set out in Arrington, I think Your Honor has to ask Mr. Strother and Defense counsel, Mr. Marty and 8 myself, what kind of prejudice will Miss Owens suffer, 9 10 and then if Your Honor follows... 11 BY THE COURT: I'll ask you now what kind of prejudice... 12 13 BY MR. MARTY: I'll answer. BY THE COURT: I'm talking, I think, to Mr. Stein. 14 The penalty for the crime charged is what. 15 16 BY MR. STEIN: Let me put it this way; the 17 penalty for the crime charged is the same; Life or 18 Death by electricution, but as Your Honor recalls, Mr. 19 Marty filed a motion to sever, because, basically, an antagonistic defense. The point is, when the proof comes 20 out, because I think the State's theory is that Porterfield 21 was the principal or actual perpetrator of the murder 22 or homicide...I think, because the jury may look at it 23 because he was the actual perpetrator, that Porterfield 24 may spill over in so far as Miss Owens is concerned. 25

What the proof may or may not be, Your Honor, has to go 1 into great detail as to what does prejudice mean, and I 2 would submit that the mere fact they have the same sentence, 3 I think you have to go further. You have to go into 4 the facts of the case, keeping in mind we filed a motion 5 to sever Miss Owens from Mr. Porterfield. It may be 6 impossible to determine who is prejudiced until you hear 7 the proof, but the point being, Your Honor can certainly 8 consider our argument as officers of the Court; and, as 9 Your Honor knows, under the severance concept Your Honor 10 can grant a severance if you feel under Arrington Miss 11 Owens would be prejudiced. 12

I don't know what the proof is going to be. 13 Maybe Mr. Porterfield will take the stand; maybe his 14 record will home out; maybe the hideous part of the homicide 15 would pour over to Miss Owens; but that's the point of 16 having our...or motion for severance is an on-going 17 situation, and I would submit, respectfully, and I say 18 this very respectfully, just saying, because of the 19 plea bargain situation, as expoused by Seaton, we don't have 20 to consider the Arrington criteria. I think Your Honor 21 has to respect the Arrington criteria, and I'm going to 22 yield to Mr. Marty to further supplement and compliment my 23 argument as to the prejudice that Your Honor can consider 24 as to Arrington. 25

1 There is only one other case I have seen in my 2 research...Wheaton (phonetically). I want to say 480...it's a 3 U.S. Supreme Court decision, and I'll get the exact 4 citation to the Court....Supreme Court of Massachusetts... 5 it went up to the Supreme Court of the United States 6 on exactly the same issue where a co-defendant wanted 7 to be severed and plead guilty, but the other would not. 8 But in that case it went up on the issue that there was 9 question about preemptory challenges wouldn't be fair 10 and was determined to be, basically, a matter of discretion 11 of the trial Court. Our Supreme Court of the United 12 States had an occasion to decide this issue, albeit in 1824 and 1825, and used the language in their decision... 13 14 "discretion of the trial Court." 15 BY THE COURT: Well, you still haven't answered 16 my question, Mr. Stein: What authority does the Court 17 have to engage in plea bargaining? 18 BY MR. STEIN: Your Honor, you asked me, as an 19 officer of the Court ... I furnished Seaton vs. State, 20 472 S.W.2d, Your Honor... 21 BY THE COURT: Is that what we have? 22 BY MR. STEIN: That is correct, and I'm saying, very respectfully, in view of the hearing and the facts, 23 24 I would respectfully urge the Court to consider this. 25 Seaton should be read into the record; it states:

1 "The trial Court did not agree with counsel for the defendant. Neither do we. While plea bargaining is a 2 3 valuable tool in expediting the administration of criminal justice and should be encouraged by the Courts in proper 4 instances, United States, 397 U.S. 742, 90 S.Ct. 1463, 5 25 L.Ed.2d 747, neither the State nor the defendant should 6 be allowed to dictate terms. If an understanding is 7 reached as to a plea and punishment, it should be submitted 8 to the Court for approval, and, of course, in some instances 9 to a jury. But in no instance should the Court enter into the 10 negotiations on one side or the other. It would not have 11 been proper for the Court to have granted a severance in 12 this instance purely as a tactic to attempt to force the 13 State to agree on settlement of the defendant's case on 14 his terms." 15

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BY THE COURT: I understand that...

BY MR. STEIN: And I don't want to belabor the point, but that would be fine in 1971 if this was the only authority, but lo and behold, along comes <u>Arrington</u> a 1977 case, and it doesn't follow the hard and narrow rule in <u>Seaton</u> I just read.

BY THE COURT: Well, now; <u>Arrington</u> deals
with an entirely different subject all together and not
a plea bargaining situation at all. <u>Arrington</u> is refusing
to grant a severance.

BY MR. STEIN: But both involve the same issue

where the Court would not grant the severance, because a co-defendant would not accept the plea...exactly what we have here.

BY THE COURT: Does <u>Arrington</u> under any circumstances say the Court has jurisdiction to engage itself in plea bargaining?

BY MR. STEIN: Right. Well, of course, as I 7 have read, the language I read to the Court before, and 8 the only language in that, respectfully, it gives Your 9 Honor to look into the prejudice issue. It says, and I'm 10 not going to repeat what I have just read, but it goes 11 on to say further that the matter of severance was within 12 the sound discretion of the Court; so it gives you two 13 outs. Arrington is much broader in scope than Seaton. 14 Arrington was in 1977, obviously, and Your Honor can 15 use common sense, and this particular issue bothered 16 Judge Dwyer, or why would it be put in there, "absent 17 prejudice"? 18

BY THE COURT: In regard to this precise issue that the co-defendant did not desire to accept the guilty plea in <u>Arrington</u>, and the lawyer filed a motion to sever and allow him to accept the guilty plea; they don't even cite <u>Seaton</u>. <u>Arrington</u>, in 1977...

24 BY MR. STEIN: The only point I'm saying is 25 <u>Arrington</u> has expanded on <u>Seaton</u> and is not a hard and fast rule. <u>Seaton</u> seems to say: No. 1, consider the

1 prejudice; and No. 2, once you consider the prejudice, Your Honor has to use your discretion, and I would 2 respectfully submit we haven't been given guidelines as to 3 what is meant by the prejudice issue.

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5 Judge Dwyer, in Hoskins vs. State 489 S.W.2d, 6 1972, he doesn't even cite Seaton for his authority, but 7 Seaton and Arrington are the exact precise issue, basically, the conditional offer by the State. And if I just 8 cited Seaton, Your Honor can't get into the prejudice 9 issue; but lo and behold, I would respectfully submit, 10 Arrington gives Your Honor another criteria where the 11 Court can consider the prejudice criteria and use your 12 13 discretion.

14 I would ask the Court to allow Mr. Marty to address Your Honor on how he feels Miss Owens would be 15 prejudiced, and after you hear the full argument, Your 16 17 Honor would have to use your discretion. And I respectfully 18 submit, if Your Honor does consider the prejudice issue 19 and follow the language of Arrington...

20 BY THE COURT: Arrington doesn't say the trial Judge has any jurisdiction or authority to involve itself 21 22 in a plea bargaining agreement in any way, shape, form, or fashion. It doesn't say that. It's on a question of 23 severance. It doesn't say anything about a plea bargain. 24 The Court has no authority even under Arrington to engage 25 itself in plea bargaining on one side or another. And

if the plea bargaining, as set out in this paper writing, is conditional upon Mr. Porterfield accepting the same or a similar agreement, this Court does not have the authority and will not exercise its authority under any circumstances to engage itself in plea bargaining. The motion is overruled.

BY MR. STEIN: We respectfully note our objection. BY MR. MARTY: I would like for the record, since we are here, I stated my understanding prior to coming into chambers that it was Mr. Porterfield's desire not to accept the State's offer.

BY THE COURT: He has the perfect right to do it. BY MR. MARTY: In any...correct...on that assumption, I want to ask for the record...I have no idea...I want his lawyers to state for the record...

BY MR. BAILEY: Mr. Porterfield enters a plea of not guilty.

BY MR. JONES: We would state, after hearing the 18 statements of Mr. Marty, if the severance is denied, it's a 19 possibility Miss Owens would take the stand and plead 20 guilty before the jury. This is something we did not know 21 when we argued the motion for severance on behalf of Mr. 22 Porterfield, and this will have definite prejudicial 23 effects on Mr. Porterfield's trial to Mr. Porterfield, 24 and we would ask we be allowed to amend our motion for 25 severance and add as grounds why Mr. Porterfield would be

denied a fair trial if we go to trial with Miss Owens. 1 BY MR. STROTHER: I think we have an identical 2 situation the Court faced recently in the HOPLER (phone-3 tically) case in which Mr. Hopler's co-defendant did 4 plead guilty...admitted to guilt during the facts, and 5 was reviewed by appellate courts and no error found. 6 There was a similar motion for severance which the 7 Court denied, and I think we are on safe ground for denial 8 here. 9 BY THE COURT: Mr. Jones, you may file a written 10 supplemental motion to that effect, and the Court overrules 11 the motion at this time. 12 BY MR. STEIN: In view of Your Honor's ruling, 13 Mr. Marty stated Miss Owens was going to testify. Basically, 14 by her acceptance of the State's proposed guilty plea, 15 which was outlined in Mr. Marty's written motion, in view 16 of Your Honor's ruling, we will not put Miss Owens on the 17 witness stand; is that right, Mr. Marty? 18 BY THE COURT: The Court has nothing to do with 19 that. 20 BY MR. MARTY: Miss Owens is present at this hearing, 21 and was furnished a copy of the motion we filed this morn-22 ing, which she has read, and it's her...she expressed 23 to me that is still what she wishes to do. 24 BY THE COURT: I understand and appreciate that, 25

1 Mr. Marty, but the Court cannot engage itself in plea 2 bargaining. 3 The record has been made. Let's not make it 4 four or five times. 5 BY MR. MARTY: I want to...not just her lawyer, 6 but Miss Owens wanted to say, and I said on her behalf ... 7 BY THE COURT: I assumed you were speaking for 8 your client from the very beginning, Mr. Marty. 9 BY MR. MARTY: I am, Your Honor. 10 BY THE COURT: Anything else? 11 BY MR. MARTY: No. 12 BY THE COURT: All right. We'll go back into 13 Court, and I'll ajourn until 1:30. 14 BY MR. STROTHER: I believe there is one more motion 15 filed. 16 BY THE COURT: We'll hold that in Open Court. 17 (Whereupon counsel, the defendants, Judge 18 McCartie, and the court reporter returned to 19 Open Court, where the following proceedings 20 were recorded.) 21 BY MR. STEIN: Your Honor, this morning I filed 22 a motion for continuance, along with my affidavit in 23 support of a Motion for Continuance. I alleged, and I 24 set it out in four separate paragraphs as the reasons why I 25 was seeking. a continuance.