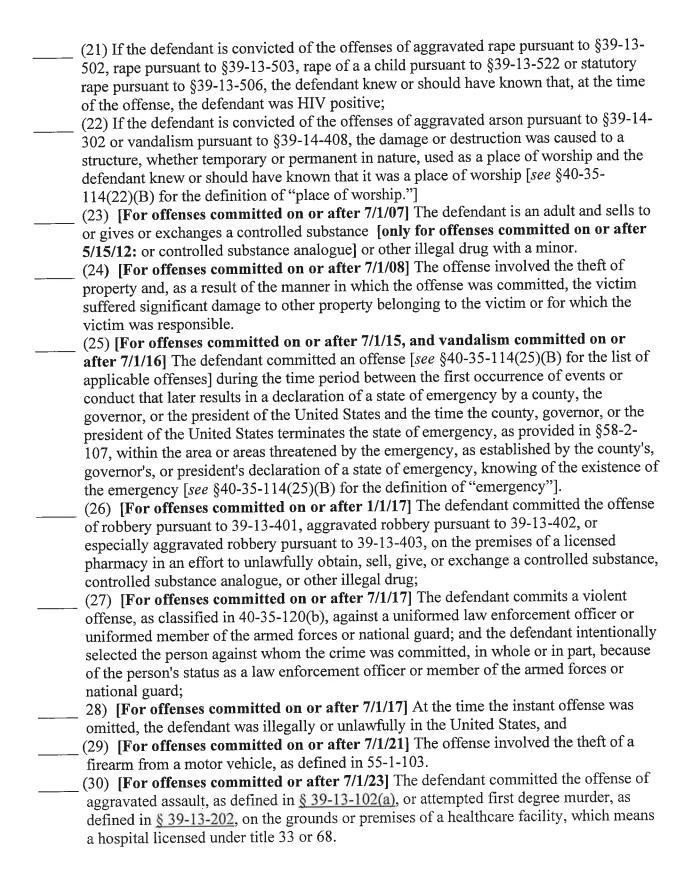
STATE OF TENNESSEE)			
VS.)			
DEFENDANT				
SENTENCING FINDINGS OF FACT FOR OFFENSES COMMITTED ON OR AFTER JUNE 7, 2005				
This cause came on to be heard of	on the sentencing of the defendant on a conviction for			
the offense of	In determining the appropriate sentence for this			
offense, this Court has considered the ev	vidence presented at the trial and the sentencing hearing,			
the presentence report, the principles of	sentencing and arguments made as to sentencing			
alternatives, the nature and characteristic	cs of the criminal conduct involved, the evidence and			
information offered by the parties on the	e mitigating and enhancement factors, any statistical			
information provided by the administrat	tive office of the court as to sentencing practices for			
similar offenses in Tennessee located at	http://www.tncourts.gov/administration/judicial-			
resources/criminal-sentencing-statistics,	, any statement the defendant made, if any, on his own			
behalf about sentencing, and the defenda	ant's potential for rehabilitation or treatment.			
FROM ALL OF WHICH THE	E COURT FINDS AS FOLLOWS:			
RAN	NGE OF SENTENCE			
The defendant is found to be:				
(1) The defendant has no prior for (2) The court finds mitigating, by A RANGE ONE STANDARY A RANGE TWO MULTIPL (1) A minimum of two (2) but no conviction class, a higher class, a applicable; OR	·			
Class A or B felony.	TOTAL TOTAL TOTAL STATE OF THE			

[updated 1/1/24]

	A RANGE THREE PERSISTENT OFFENDER (Tenn. Code Ann. § 40-35-107) (1) Any combination of five (5) or more prior felony convictions within the conviction class or higher, or within the next two (2) lower felony classes, where applicable; OR (2) At least two (2) Class A or any combination of three (3) Class A or Class B felony convictions if the defendant's conviction offense is a Class A or B felony.
	A CAREER OFFENDER (Tenn. Code Ann. § 40-35-108) (1) Any combination of six (6) or more Class A, B or C prior felony convictions, and the defendant's conviction offense is a Class A, B or C felony; OR (2) At least three (3) Class A or any combination of four (4) Class A or Class B felony convictions if the defendant's conviction offense is a Class A or B felony; OR (3) At least six (6) prior felony convictions of any classification if the defendant's conviction offense is a Class D or E felony.
	ENHANCEMENT FACTORS (Tenn. Code Ann. § 40-35-114)
elemen	The Court finds the following enhancement factors which are not themselves essential ats of this offense:
	_(1) The defendant has a previous history of criminal convictions or criminal behavior in addition to those necessary to establish the appropriate range; (2) The defendant was a leader in the commission of an offense involving two or more criminal actors;
	(3) The offense involved more than one victim;(4) A victim of the offense was particularly vulnerable because of age or physical or mental disability;
	(5) The defendant treated, or allowed a victim to be treated, with exceptional cruelty during the commission of the offense;
	(6) The personal injuries inflicted upon, or the amount of damage to property sustained by or taken from, the victim was particularly great;
	(7) The offense involved a victim and was committed to gratify the defendant's desire for pleasure or excitement;
	(8) The defendant, before trial or sentencing, failed to comply with the conditions of a sentence involving release into the community;
	(9) The defendant possessed or employed a firearm, explosive device or other deadly weapon during the commission of the offense;
	(10) The defendant had no hesitation about committing a crime when the risk to human life was high;
	(11) The felony resulted in death or serious bodily injury, or involved the threat of death or serious bodily injury, to another person, and the defendant has previously been convicted of a felony that resulted in death or serious bodily injury;
	(12) During the commission of the felony, the defendant intentionally inflicted serious bodily injury upon another person, or the actions of the defendant resulted in the death of, or serious bodily injury to, a victim or a person other than the intended victim;

(13) At the time the felony was committed, one (1) of the following classifications was
applicable to the defendant:
(A) Released on bail or pretrial release, if the defendant is ultimately convicted of the
prior misdemeanor or felony;
(B) Released on parole;
(C) Released on probation;
(D) On work release;
(E) On community corrections;
(F) On some form of judicially ordered release;
(G) On any other type of release into the community under the direct or indirect
supervision of any state or local governmental authority or a private entity contracting
with the state or a local government;
(H) On escape status; or
(I) Incarcerated in any penal institution on a misdemeanor or felony charge or a
misdemeanor or felony conviction;
(14) The defendant abused a position of public or private trust, or used a professional
license in a manner that significantly facilitated the commission or the fulfillment of the
offense;
(15) The defendant committed the offense on the grounds or facilities of a pre-
kindergarten through grade twelve (pre-K-12) public or private institution of learning
when minors were present;
(16) The defendant was adjudicated to have committed a delinquent act or acts as a
juvenile that would constitute a felony if committed by an adult;
(17) The defendant intentionally selected the person against whom the crime was
committed or selected the property that was damaged or otherwise affected by the crime,
in whole or in part, because of the defendant's belief or perception regarding the race,
religion, color, disability, sexual orientation, national origin, ancestry or gender of that
person or of the owner or occupant of that property; however, this enhancement factor
should not be construed to permit the enhancement of a sexual offense on the basis of
gender selection alone;
(18) The offense was an act of terrorism or was related to an act of terrorism;
(19) If the defendant is convicted of the offense of aggravated assault pursuant to §39-
13-102, the victim of the aggravated assault was a law enforcement officer, firefighter,
correctional officer, youth services officer, probation and parole officer, a state registered
security guard/officer, an employee of the department of correction or the department of
children's services, an emergency medical or rescue worker, emergency medical
technician or paramedic, whether compensated or acting as a volunteer; provided, that the
victim was performing an official duty and the defendant knew or should have known
that the victim was such an officer or employee;
(20) If the defendant is convicted of the offenses of rape pursuant to §39-13-503, sexual
battery pursuant to §39-13-505, or rape of a child pursuant to §39-13-522, the defendant
caused the victim to be mentally incapacitated or physically helpless by use of a
controlled substance [only for offenses committed on or after 5/15/12: or controlled
substance analogue];



(31) [For offenses committed on or after 7/1/23] The defendant committed an offense under title 39, chapter 13, part 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 while engaged in the performance of official duties as a law enforcement officer.
MITIGATING FACTORS (Tenn. Code Ann. § 40-35-113)
The Court finds the following mitigating factors:
(1) The defendant's criminal conduct neither caused nor threatened serious bodily injury; (2) The defendant acted under strong provocation; (3) Substantial grounds exist tending to excuse or justify the defendant's criminal conduct, though failing to establish a defense; (4) The defendant played a minor role in the commission of the offense; (5) Before detection, the defendant compensated or made a good faith attempt to compensate the victim of criminal conduct for the damage or injury the victim sustained; (6) The defendant, because of youth or old age, lacked substantial judgment in committing the offense; (7) The defendant was motivated by a desire to provide necessities for the defendant's family or the defendant's culpability for the offense; however, the voluntary use of intoxicants does not fall within the purview of this factor; (9) The defendant assisted the authorities in uncovering offenses committed by other persons or in detecting or apprehending other persons who had committed the offenses; (10) The defendant assisted the authorities in locating or recovering any property or person involved in the crime; (11) The defendant, although guilty of the crime, committed the offense under such unusual circumstances that it is unlikely that a sustained intent to violate the law motivated the criminal conduct; (12) The defendant acted under duress or under the domination of another person, even though the duress or the domination of another person is not sufficient to constitute a defense to the crime; or (13) Any other factor consistent with the purposes of Title 40, Chapter 35 (the Tennessee Criminal Sentencing Reform Act of
FINDINGS ON CONSECUTIVE SENTENCING
DISCRETIONARY CONSECUTIVE SENTENCING (Tenn. Code Ann. § 40-35-115)
This Court finds in ordering consecutive sentencing that: The defendant is a professional criminal who has knowingly devoted such defendant's life to criminal acts as a major source of livelihood; The defendant is an offender whose record of criminal activity is extensive; The defendant is a dangerous mentally abnormal person so declared by a competent psychiatrist who concludes as a result of an investigation prior to sentencing that the defendant's criminal conduct has been characterized by a pattern of repetitive or

compulsive behavior with heedless indifference to consequences;
The defendant is a dangerous offender whose behavior indicates little or no regard for
human life, and no hesitation about committing a crime in which the risk to human life is
high; and all three of the following factors apply: (State v. Wilkerson, 905 S.W.2d 933
(Tenn. 1995))
(a) the circumstances surrounding the commission of the offense are aggravated,
(b) confinement for an extended period of time is necessary to protect society
from the defendant's unwillingness to lead a productive life and the defendant=s
resort to criminal activity in furtherance of an anti-societal lifestyle, and
(c) the aggregate length of the sentences reasonably relates to the offense of
which the defendant stands convicted.
The defendant is convicted of two (2) or more statutory offenses involving sexual abuse
of a minor with consideration of the aggravating circumstances arising from the
relationship between the defendant and victim or victims, the time span of defendant's
undetected sexual activity, the nature and scope of the sexual acts and the extent of the
residual, physical and mental damage to the victim or victims;
The defendant is sentenced for an offense committed while on probation; or
The defendant is sentenced for criminal contempt.
The defendant is convicted of two (2) or more offenses involving sexual exploitation of
an elderly or vulnerable adult with consideration of the aggravating circumstances arising from
the relationship between the defendant and victim, the nature and scope of the sexual acts, and
the extent of the physical and mental damage to the victim. [Only for offenses committed on
or after 10/1/21.]
The defendant was incarcerated at the time of the offense and is convicted of an offense
enumerated in § 39-16-202(a)(2). [Only for offenses committed on or after 7/1/23.]
The defendant is convicted of two (2) or more offenses involving more than one (1)
victim, irrespective of whether the multiple offenses were part of a single criminal episode, and
the court finds that a separate consecutive sentence for each offense is in the interest of justice.
[Only for offenses committed on or after 7/1/23.]
The defendant has additional sentences not yet fully served (see Tenn. R. Crim. P. 32).
MANDATORY CONSECUTIVE SENTENCING
This Court finds that:
This court finds that. The defendant committed a felony while on parole or other release program.
The defendant committed a felony while on bail for a felony for which the
defendant was ultimately convicted.
The defendant committed an escape or a felony committed while on escape.
The defendant committee an escape of a feloxy committee with
PROBATION CONSIDERATIONS
This Court has also considered the following if deciding to grant or deny an alternative
sentence to incarceration:
The presentence report, if not waived.
The defendant's physical/mental condition and social history.
The facts and circumstances surrounding the offense, and the nature and circumstances of
the criminal conduct involved.
The prior criminal history of the defendant, or lack thereof.

The previous actions and character of the defendant. Whether or not the defendant might reasonably be expected to be rehabilitated, a defendant's potential or lack of potential for rehabilitation, including the risk that the period of probation the defendant will commit another crime Whether or not it reasonably appears that the defendant will abide by the terms o probation. Whether or not the interests of society in being protected from possible future criconduct of the defendant are great. Whether or not measures less restrictive than confinement have frequently or receiven applied unsuccessfully to the defendant. Whether or not a sentence of full probation would unduly depreciate the serious the offense. Whether or not confinement is particularly suited to provide an effective deterrer others likely to commit similar offenses.	during f iminal ently ness of
Whether or not the offense was particularly enormous, gross or heinous.	
THE DEFENDANT IS HEREBY SENTENCED TO a term of	in the
County jail	
Local workhouse	
Department of Correction	
concurrent with	
consecutive to	
and a fine of \$	
Alternative sentence, if any:	
The above findings are hereby ordered to be made a part of the record in this cau	ıse.
IT IS SO ORDERED this day of, 20	
1)	- .
JUDGE	